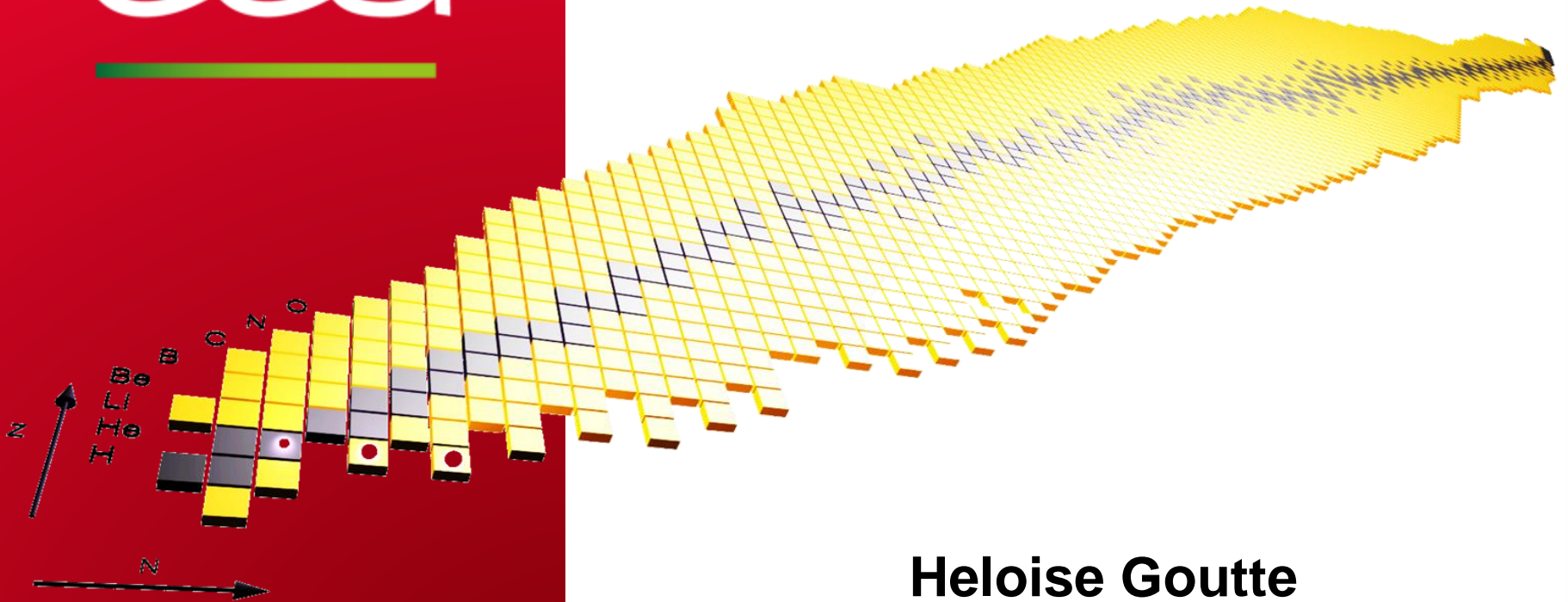


DE LA RECHERCHE À L'INDUSTRIE



Fission studies with **DANIEL GOGNY**



Heloise Goutte
SPhN division
CEA Saclay

www.cea.fr

Formal side:

- jury member of my PhD (1997-2000) and HdR (2008)
- co-authors of 2 papers on fission (+proceedings)

Unformal side:

Sharp physics discussions evolving into endless calculations which took the dimension of epic poetry ... in Bruyères ... on the Golf terrace... at home with colleagues



Object: HELOISE HAIDER and THIS POOR GOGNY

God knows how **beautiful and powerful this formalism** let me go to the most crucial part and introduce the mandatory notation. I understand that **nice paper**.

As we have seen together, the **zero q.p. moments properties** are of paramount importance concerning our model. Therefore let's dedicate ourselves to the analysis of **diagonal and non diagonal moments**. I am using the $i=0$ for the **zero q.p. () q state**.
I do hope that you were not drunk when you extracted that file from page 9

Let's start again : @#\$% !**

Towards a description :

- as « *fundamental* » as possible (no adjustable parameters)
- able to give **quantitative results**, which can be directly compared to experimental data.
- able to describe on the same footing **structure properties of the fissioning system and fission fragment and the fission dynamics**.

May the force be with you

Nuclear Physics A428 (1984) 23c-36c
North-Holland, Amsterdam

^{23c}
From fission to fusion valleys

MICROSCOPIC ANALYSIS OF COLLECTIVE DYNAMICS IN LOW ENERGY FISSION

J.F. BERGER, M. GIROD, D. GOGNY.

Service de Physique Neutronique et Nucléaire, Centre d'Etudes de Bruyères
le-Châtel, BP n° 12 91680 Bruyères-le-Châtel - France

Scission configurations

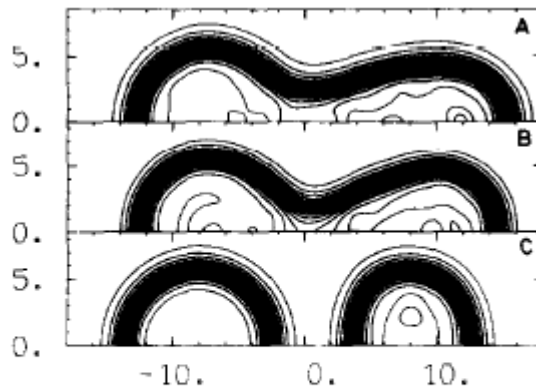


FIGURE 4
Nucleon density distributions found at
the points A, B and C defined in fig 3.
Lengths are in fermis.

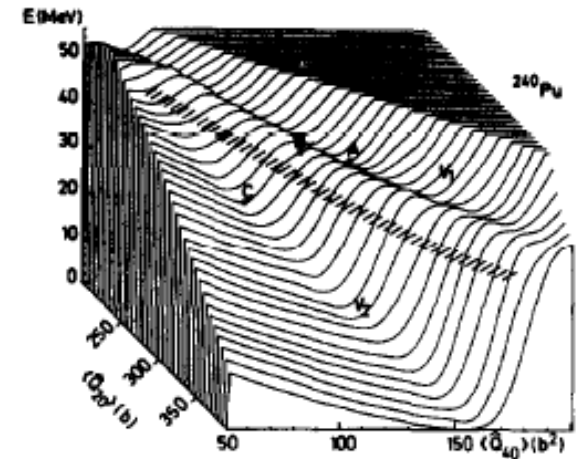
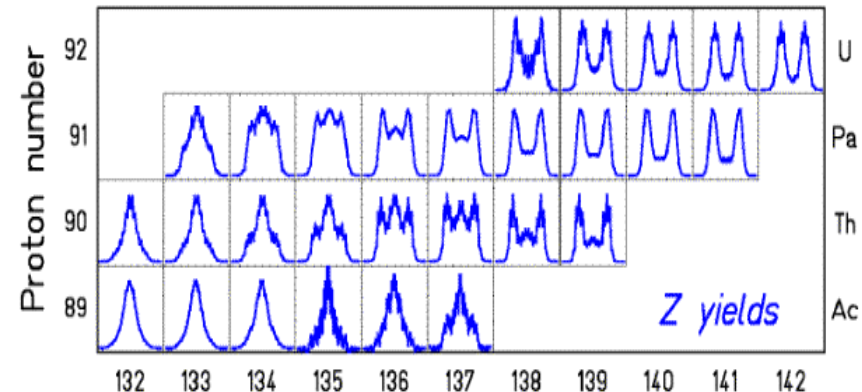


FIGURE 3
Potential energy surface of ²⁴⁰Pu as a
function of the elongation $\langle Q_{20} \rangle$ and
necking-in $\langle Q_{40} \rangle$

Introduction of
H. Goutte, J.-F. Berger, P. Casoli and D.
Gogny PRC71, 024316 (2005)

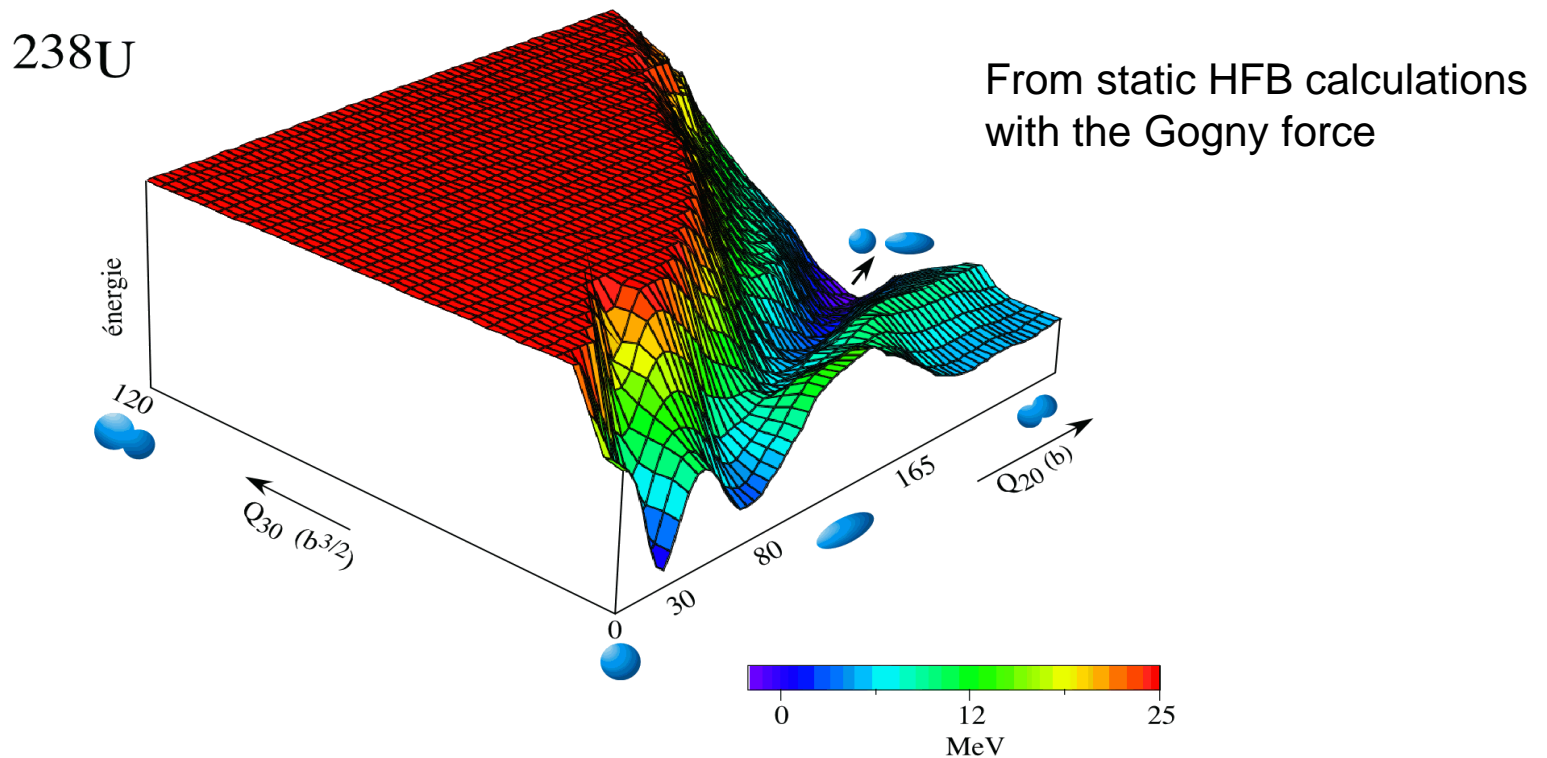
Interest in fission has recently increased since it is proposed to be used in new applications such as accelerator-driven systems, new electro-nuclear cycles such as a thorium-based fuel cycle, and the next generation of exotic beam facilities. For these applications, there is an important need for fission cross sections in a large range of excitation energies and for mass-charge fission fragment distributions. [] It is important to test the accuracy of a theoretical prediction ...

**At the crossroads
between
application
and
fundamental research**

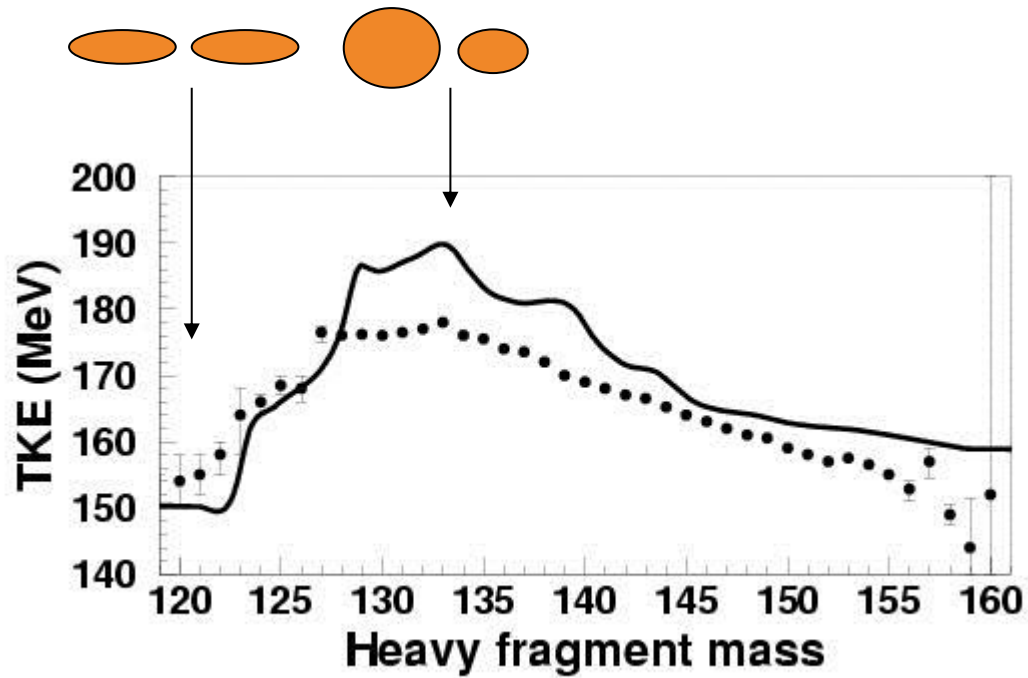


K-H Schmidt et al., NPA 665 (2000) 221

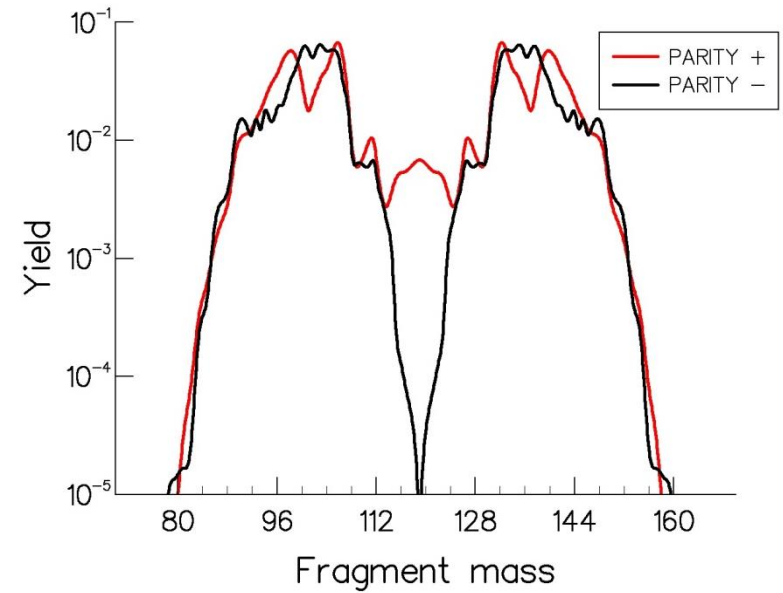
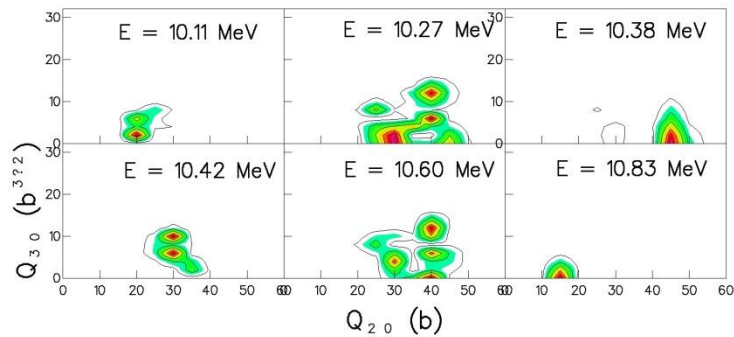
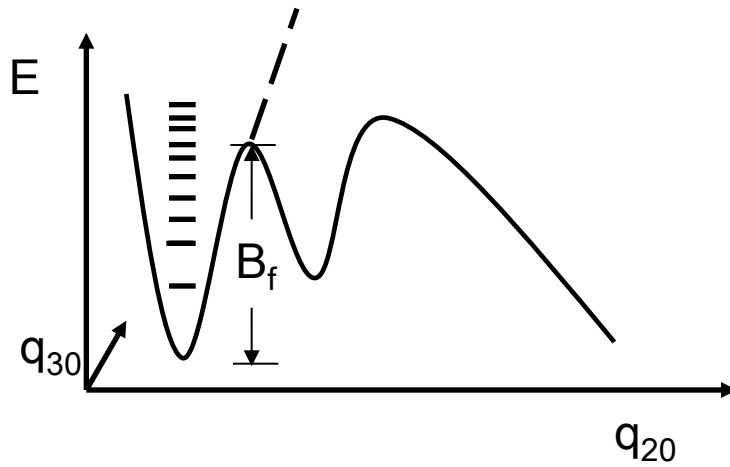
Potential energy surface

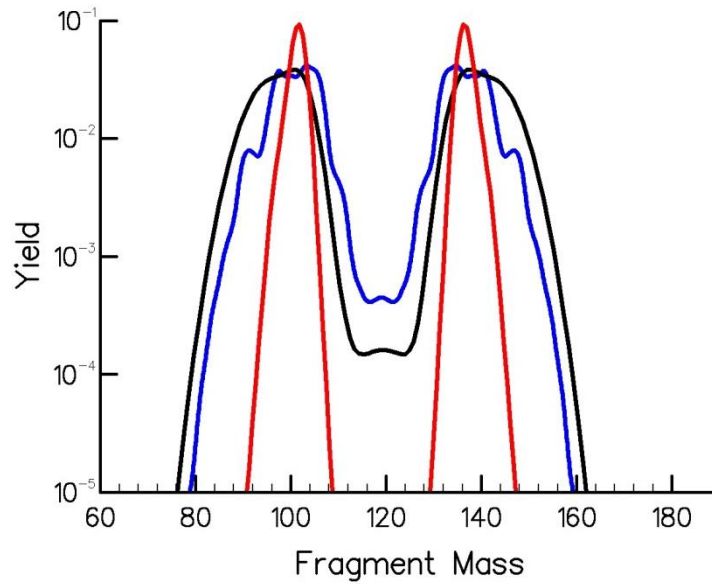


Total kinetic energy



Influence of the initial state





Wahl evaluation

Static calculations

Present dynamical calculations

“Very large microscopic effects”

$$\begin{aligned} &^{257}\text{Fm} : \alpha \text{ decay} \\ T_{1/2\alpha} &= 8.7 \cdot 10^6 \text{ s} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &^{258}\text{Fm} : \text{spontaneous fission} \\ T_{1/2\text{sf}} &= 3.8 \cdot 10^{-4} \text{ s} \end{aligned}$$

PhD thesis of R. Bernard
and

R. Bernard, H. Goutte, D. Gogny and W. Younes PRC 84, 044308 (2011)

Microscopic and nonadiabatic Schrodinger equation derived from the generator coordinate method ” based on zero- and two-quasiparticle states

(talk from R. Bernard on Wednesday)

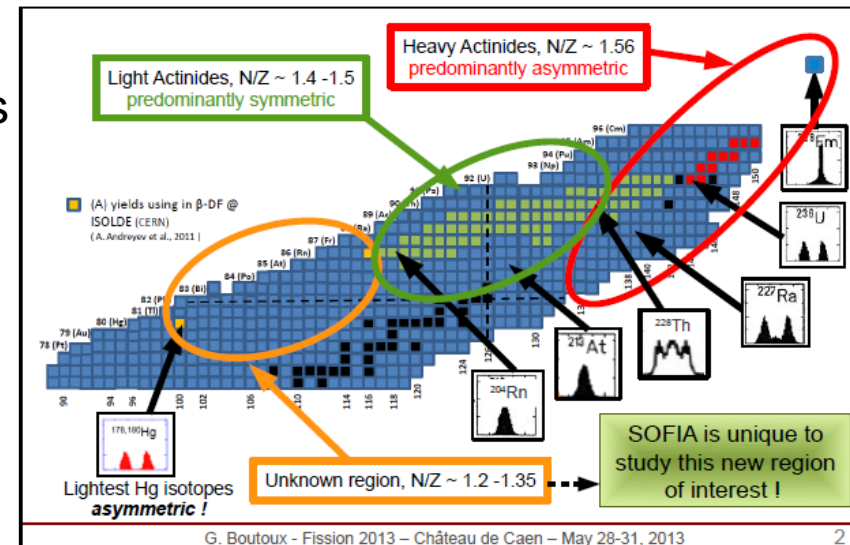
Systematics:

- To look at global evolutions (as functions of E^* , N , Z ...)

Correlated observables:

- To have access to several observables during the same experiment (e.g. prompt neutrons, gammas, mass – charge distributions ...)

Almost 70 nuclei studied in SOFIA



Theoretical improvements :

→ Better define the fission fragments at scission

W. Younes, D. Gogny, PRL 107, 132501 (2011). Quantum localization

→ Introduce finite temperature effects

N. Schunck et al., PRC 91, 034327 (2015).

→ Quality inputs of the functionals:

S.A. Giuliani et al., PRC 90, 054311 (2014). Gogny D1M, BCPM

→ Enrich the dynamical approaches

N. Dubray, D. Regnier et al., CPC (2015) N dim. calculations on a non regular grid

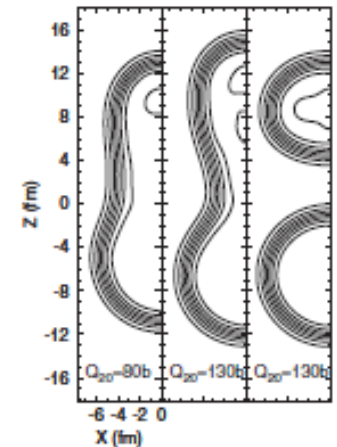
R. Bernard et al. PRC84, 044308 (2011) TDGCM (+GOA) based HFB + qp

C. Simenel, A.S. Umar, PRC89, 031601(R)(2014), TDHF for quasi-fission

G. Scamps et al., PRC 91, 044606 (2015) Time-dep. Schrödinger equation for spontaneous fission

G. Scamps, C. Simenel, D. Lacroix, PRC 92, 011602(R) (2015) TDHF+BCS for s.f.

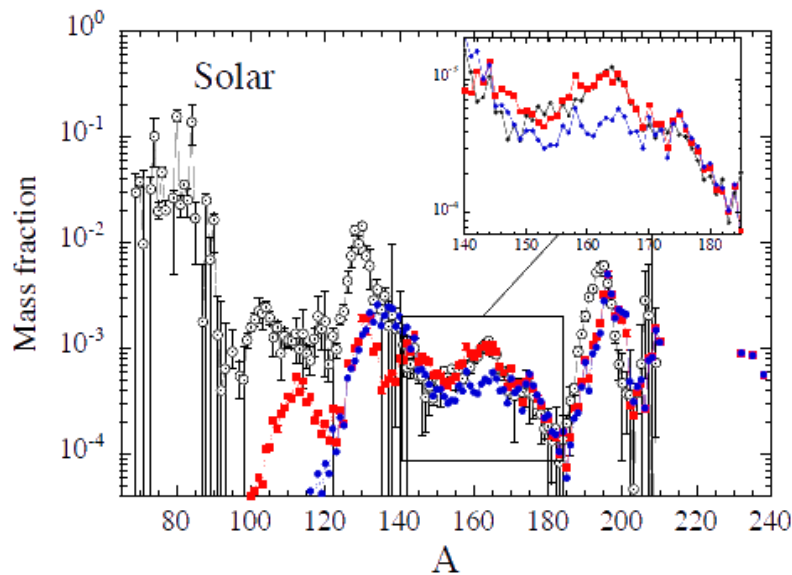
S.A. Giuliani and
L.M. Robledo,
PRC88, 054325 (2013).



Fission in the heart of the nucleosynthesis

None of the existing model of nucleosynthesis is able to explain the abundances of rare earth nuclei. Are the neutron stars good sites for the formation of these heavy elements ?

→ Need of the modelisation of the fission of a huge number of nuclei (2000), including drip-line nuclei



S. Goriely, et al., PRL 111, 242502 (2013)

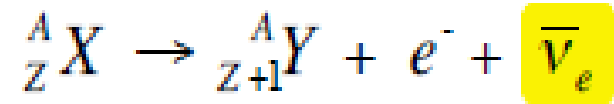
White : Solar r-abundance distribution

Red : fission yields from SPY

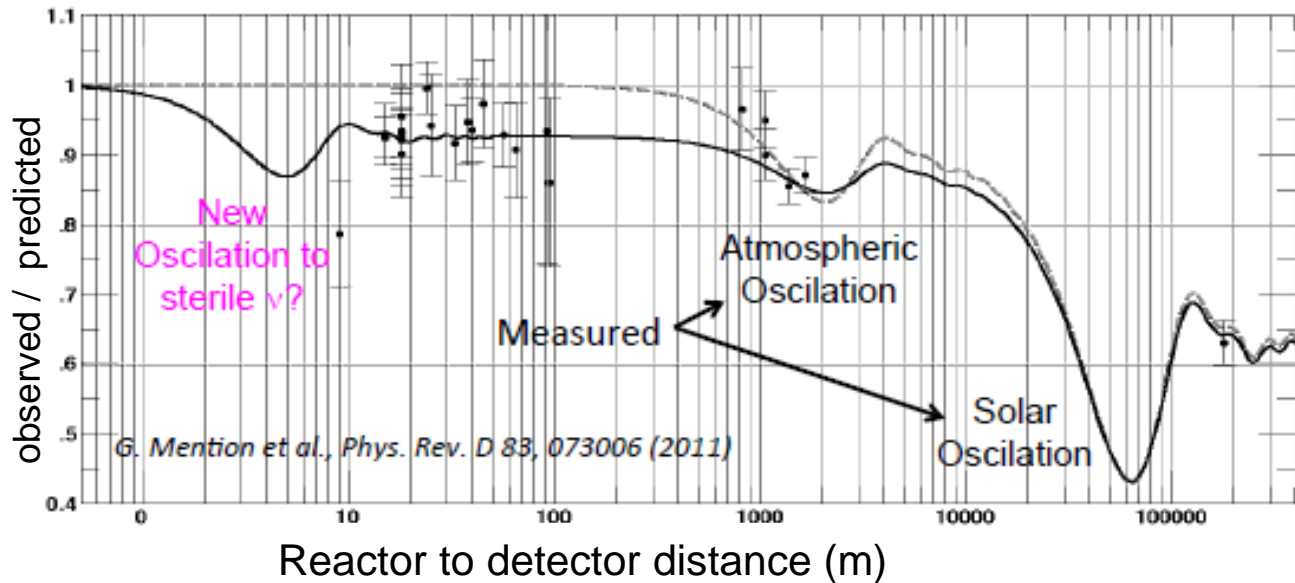
Blue : fission yields from phenomenological fission model (GEF)

Fission : a source of antineutrinos

Most of fission products are neutron rich nuclei undergoing β -decay.

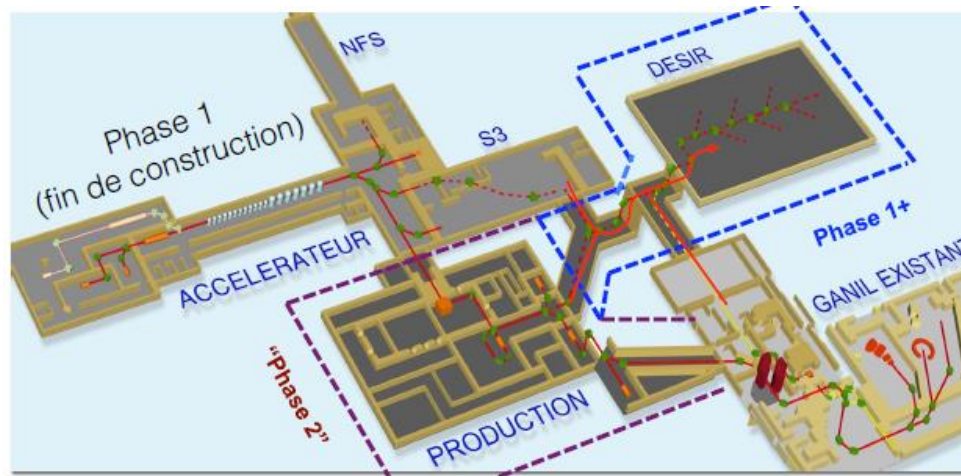


The reevaluation of the anti-neutrino spectrum associated to fission fragments has recently shown a significant deviation that could sign the existence of sterile neutrinos.



→ Very active field

Start of NFS soon @ SPIRAL2



Thanks to you, Daniel Gogny and to all of you in Bruyères

